

**§ 194.121a Distribution of stamps for multiple locations.**

On receipt of the special tax stamps, the taxpayer will verify that he has one stamp for each location listed in his copy of the attachment to Form 5630.5 and examine them to insure that his name and address are correctly stated thereon. Incorrect stamps shall be returned to the regional director (compliance) as provided in § 194.134. The taxpayer shall designate one stamp for each location listed in his copy of the attachment to Form 5630.5 required by § 194.106 and shall type thereon the trade name, if different from the name in which the stamp was issued, and the address of the business conducted at the location for which that stamp is designated. He shall then forward each stamp to the place of business designated on the stamp. On receipt of the stamp at the designated place of business, it shall be examined to verify that the name and address of the business are correctly stated. If they are not, the stamp shall be returned, with a statement showing the nature of the error and the correct data, to the principal office of the taxpayer who will compare the data on the stamp with his retained copy of the attachment to Form 5630.5. If the error in name and address was made by the taxpayer, he will correct the stamp and return it to the designated place of business. If the error was made in the attachment to Form 5630.5, the taxpayer will file with ATF an amended Form 5630.5 and an amended attachment with a statement explaining the error.

[T.D. 7110, 36 FR 8035, Apr. 29, 1971. Redesignated at 40 FR 16835, Apr. 15, 1975, and amended by T.D. ATF-251, 52 FR 19335, May 22, 1987]

**§ 194.122 Receipt in lieu of stamp prohibited.**

No receipt shall be issued in lieu of a special tax stamp. A receipt may be given only pending the issuance of a stamp, or where the tax liability relates to a prior fiscal year.

(68A Stat. 778; 26 U.S.C. 6314)

**§ 194.123 Stamps covering business in violation of State law.**

Regional directors (compliance) are without authority to refuse to issue a special tax stamp to a liquor dealer engaged in business in violation of State law. The stamp is not a Federal permit or license, but is merely a receipt for the tax. The stamp affords the holder no protection against prosecution for violation of State law.

(72 Stat. 1348; 26 U.S.C. 5145)

[25 FR 6270, July 2, 1960, as amended by T.D. 7008, 34 FR 3665, Mar. 1, 1969. Redesignated at 40 FR 16835, Apr. 15, 1975, and amended by T.D. ATF-251, 52 FR 19335, May 22, 1987]

**§ 194.124 Stamps for passenger trains, aircraft, and vessels.**

Special tax stamps may be issued in general terms "in the United States" to persons who will carry on the business of retail dealers in liquors or retail dealers in beer, on trains, aircraft, boats or other vessels, engaged in the business of carrying passengers. If sales of liquors are made at the same time on two or more passenger carriers, a special tax stamp shall be obtained for each such carrier. However, a dealer may transfer any such stamp from one passenger carrier to another on which he conducts his business, without registering the transfer with ATF, and he may conduct such business throughout the passenger carrying train, aircraft, boat or other vessel, to which the stamp is transferred. A person subject to special tax on two or more passenger carriers shall file one Form 5630.5, prepared in the manner prescribed in § 194.106(b), with payment of tax, to cover all such carriers and shall specify on the Form 5630.5 the number of passenger carriers for which special tax is being paid.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85-859, 72 Stat. 1344 as amended, 1347 as amended (26 U.S.C. 5123, 5143))

[T.D. ATF-70, 45 FR 33980, May 21, 1980, as amended by T.D. ATF-251, 52 FR 19335, May 22, 1987]

**§ 194.125 Carriers not engaged in passenger service.**

Except as provided in § 194.126, a special tax stamp may not be issued for